Lidar Canopy Height Model Metadata

June 2024





Overview

Summary

This dataset consists of files in GeoTiff format. The dataset is derived from lidar point cloud data. The dataset is intended to aid in the visualization and interpretation of point cloud data for use in landscape and vegetation analysis.

Description

This dataset is derived from subtracting the elevation values of the bare earth data from the full feature digital surface model (DSM). This dataset provides height values of the vegetation and above-ground features.

Methods

The Canopy Height Model (CHM) is produced using the LidR package^{1, 2} and dependencies in R. The input las file is read using the readLAS function and then stored as a variable. The noise class is filtered using the drop_class 7 argument. The algorithm's argument is set to tin() to utilize a Triangulated Irregular Network (TIN). The normailize_height() function is used to normalize the heights of the LAS points. Filtering options are applied using the filter_poi() function to remove points based on z values. The grid_canopy function uses the filtered points to calculate vegetation height above the ground surface with a grid resolution set to 0.25. The resulting CHM raster output is in GeoTiff format with a file name derived from the original las file name appended with "_chm.tif".

Credits

This dataset includes products derived from lidar data collected and processed by the ABMI.

Acknowledgements

We would like to acknowledge Brank Hricko, Stephanie Andrews, Amber Becker, John Simms and other ABMI staff, for the processing of lidar data to derivative files provided here. We would also like to acknowledge several funders who supported the project including the Government of Alberta and the Oil Sands Monitoring Program.

Contact Information

If you have questions or concerns about the data, please contact:

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¹ Roussel J, Auty D, Coops NC, Tompalski P, Goodbody TR, Meador AS, Bourdon J, de Boissieu F, Achim A (2020). "IidR: An R package for analysis of Airborne Laser Scanning (ALS) data." Remote Sensing of Environment, 251, 112061. ISSN 0034-4257, doi:10.1016/j.rse.2020.112061,

https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0034425720304314.

² Roussel J, Auty D (2023). Airborne LiDAR Data Manipulation and Visualization for Forestry Applications. R package version 4.0.3, https://cran.r-project.org/package=lidR.

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Keywords

LiDAR, Digital Elevation Model, Canopy Height Model, Height Above-ground, Tree Height, Vegetation Height, Vegetation Analysis, Canopy, LidR

Citation

Alberta Biodiversity Monitoring Institute. Lidar Canopy Height Model Metadata (Version 1.4). Last modified June 10, 2024.

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Data Product Specifications

Spatial Resolution The spatial resolution for CHM: 0.25 metres

Processing Environment

The processing environment to produce the GeoTiffs and shapefile is the R programming language, which includes R 4.2, Rtools 4.2 and RStudio Version:2023.06.0. The list of packages utilized includes LidR, raster, rgdal, sf, sp, spatial, and terra.

Resource Maintenance

Resource maintenance update frequency: as needed

Spatial Reference

Projected Coordinate System: NAD 1983 CSRS UTM Zone 11N Projection: Transverse Mercator WKID: 2955 Authority: EPSG Linear unit: Metres (1.0) False Easting: 500000.0 False Northing: 0.0 Central Meridian: -117.0 Scale Factor: 0.9996 Latitude Of Origin: 0.0 Geographic Coordinate System: NAD 1983 (CSRS) Angular Unit: Degree (0.0174532925199433) Datum: D North American 1983 CSRS Spheroid: GRS 1980 Semimajor Axis: 6378137.0 Semiminor Axis: 6356752.314140356 Inverse Flattening: 298.257222101 NAD_1983_10TM_AEP_Forest WKID: 3400 Authority: EPSG Projection: Transverse Mercator False Easting: 500000.0 False Northing: 0.0 Central Meridian: -115.0 Scale Factor: 0.9992 Latitude of Origin: 0.0 Linear Unit: Meter (1.0) Geographic Coordinate System: GCS_North_American_1983 Angular Unit: Degree (0.0174532925199433) Prime Meridian: Greenwich (0.0) Datum: D_North_American_1983 Spheroid: GRS_1980 Semi-major Axis: 6378137.0 Semi-minor Axis: 6356752.314140356 Inverse Flattening: 298.257222101



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Projected Coordinate System: NAD 1983 CSRS UTM Zone 12N Projection: Transverse Mercator WKID: 2956 Authority: EPSG Linear unit: Meters (1.0) False Easting: 500000.0 False Northing: 0.0 Central Meridian: -111.0 Scale Factor: 0.9996 Latitude Of Origin: 0.0 Geographic Coordinate System: NAD 1983 (CSRS) Angular Unit: Degree (0.0174532925199433) Datum: D North American 1983 CSRS Spheroid: GRS 1980 Semimajor Axis: 6378137.0 Semiminor Axis: 6356752.314140356 Inverse Flattening: 298.257222101 NAD 1983 10TM AEP Forest WKID: 3400 Authority: EPSG Projection: Transverse Mercator False Easting: 500000.0 False Northing: 0.0 Central Meridian: -115.0 Scale Factor: 0.9992 Latitude of Origin: 0.0 Linear Unit: Meter (1.0) Geographic Coordinate System: GCS_North_American_1983 Angular Unit: Degree (0.0174532925199433) Prime Meridian: Greenwich (0.0) Datum: D_North_American_1983 Spheroid: GRS 1980 Semi-major Axis: 6378137.0 Semi-minor Axis: 6356752.314140356 Inverse Flattening: 298.257222101

Lineage

The ABMI's Canopy Height Model was built using ABMI collected lidar data. This dataset is divided into tiles and represents height values of the vegetation and above-ground features on the landscape, as processed from the available lidar data.